

4. **Discussion**—The results of this study suggest that the use of a single, standardized, and validated questionnaire, the SRS, is a feasible and reliable method for assessing the prevalence of SRS in a community sample of adolescents. The prevalence of SRS in this sample was 10.3%, which is similar to the prevalence rates reported in other studies. The results also suggest that the SRS is a valid and reliable measure of SRS in adolescents, as evidenced by the high internal consistency and test-retest reliability of the measure. The results also suggest that the SRS is a valid measure of SRS in adolescents, as evidenced by the high internal consistency and test-retest reliability of the measure. The results also suggest that the SRS is a valid measure of SRS in adolescents, as evidenced by the high internal consistency and test-retest reliability of the measure.

Rita J. Desai

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INTERFERENCE SEARCHED			
Class	Subclass	Date	Examiner

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